25. Several TV buyers are deceived by the .............. advertisements of the manufactures.
(1) meritorious
(2) meritorious
(3) meticulous
(4) soddy
26. She spent three hours $\qquad$ .over the manuscript.
(1) pouring
(2) poring
(3) browsing
(4) pondering
27. My father $\qquad$ me severely when he caught me stealing grandma's pickles.
(1) rebuked
(2) patted
(3) encouraged
(4) advised
28. A great literary or artistic work is known as a $\qquad$
(1) par excellence
(2) pot-pourri
(3) magnum opus
(4) peccadillo
29. The waves of tsumami were $\qquad$ higher and higher.
(1) breaking
(2) moving
(3) surging
(4) spreading
Q. 30-35 Select the meaning of the given phrases/ idioms :
30. have a go
(1) ride for happiness
(2) take a walk
(3) go no leave
(4) make an attempt
31. turn up
(1) make appearance / attend
(2) make a fresh start
(3) a favour
(4) refuse
32. in the offing
(1) at the end
(2) about to start
(3) on decline
(4) in the air
33. Take a back seat
(1) hold back information
(2) to say something to calm the situation down
(3) not do anything
(4) be confused
34. a small fry
(1) peon
(2) a small creature
(3) humorous
(4) a person of thing of little importance
35. gift of the gab
(1) good at talking
(2) good at walking
(3) good at riding
(4) good at everything
Q. 36-40 In the following passage there are some numbered blanks. Fill in the blanks by selecting the most appropriate word for each blank from the given options. :
Operation Flood was $\qquad$ 36. $\qquad$ with the primary objective of linking rural milk producers with urban milk consumers, be ..... 37. $\qquad$ .viable producer cooperatives in the milk shades, and thus ... 38 $\qquad$ milk producers to earn higher income from milk. The programme $\qquad$ .39. $\qquad$ some 72 lakh members in nearly 61000 village societies over diverse ecologies in 174 milk shades. The cooperatives procure an average of 90 lakh liters of milk a day to $\qquad$ 40. $\qquad$ the ever growing urban demand for fresh milk from the country.
36. (1) visualized
(2) created
(3) launched
(4) devoted
37. (1) exposing
(2) creating
(3) generating
(4) providing
38. (1) offering
(2) activating
(3) enabling
(4) justifying
39. (1) Covers
(2) rotates
(3) motivations
(4) follows
40. (1) control
(2) satisfy
(3) attend
(4) meet
Q. $\quad$ 16-17 The following five sentences come from a paragraph. The first and the last sentences are given. Choose the order in which the three sentences (PQR) should appear to complete the paragraph.
41. S1 The United Nations hs a General Assembly consisting of most countries of the world.

S2 $\qquad$
S3 $\qquad$
S4 $\qquad$
S5 The most effective organ of the UN is the Security Council.

P- The second organ of the UN is the Security Council.

Q- It is more or less is a debating society.
R- This has eleven members of which six are temporary and five permanent.

Choose from the options given below :
(1) PQR
(2) QPR
(3) QRP
(4) PRQ
17. S1 The British empire in India began with trade.

S2
S3 $\qquad$
S4 $\qquad$
S5 The site of this factory was the first piece of land owned by teh British in India.

P- England merchants first came of India, to trade, about the year 1600 .

Q- The merchants built a factory at Surat in 1612.

R- In this year the East India Company was formed.

Choose from the options given below :
(1) RQP
(2) RPQ
(3) QPR
(4) PRQ
Q. 18-19 The following questions have the second sentances missing. Choose the appropriate sentance from the given options to complete it :
18. P- Production of rice in Asia will increase still more.
Q- $\qquad$ R- When the impact of these revolutionary methods begins to be felt, Asia might be able to feed her hungry millions.
(1) The problem of 'Population Explosion' will be solved
(2) Agriculture in Asia is on the march.
(3) Revolutionary methods, machinery, improved farming facilities are being provided.
(4) Thailand is the foremost rice exporter.
19. P- Hillary's boots were stiff and his feet cold. Q-
R- After a while, Hillary's feet were feeling better, so we changed places on the rope.
(1) He asked me to stop climbing
(2) He asked me to take the lead.
(3) He wanted to take rest.
(4) He asked ne to retire.
Q. 20-29 Choose the word that dest fills the blank from the four options given :
20. The flag $\qquad$ in the wind.
(1) swayed
(2) shivered
(3) fluttered
(4) swept
21. The new owners of the paper changed the
$\qquad$ completely.
(1) outlay
(2) layout
(3) outlet
(4) outlook
22. In an indilible ink is used, this will not be
$\qquad$
(1) observed
(2) obligated
(3) obliterated
(4) obfuscated
23. The child is so talented at music that be is considered a $\qquad$
(1) protege
(2) prodigal
(3) prodigy
(4) a shooting star
24. The speaker was so soporofic that the audience became $\qquad$
$\qquad$
(1) excited
(2) dull
(3) drowsy
(4) impatient
7. The intention of the writer is to
(1) reject the popular meaning of the term 'technique'.
(2) widen the scope of the term 'technique'.
(3) uphold the superiority of traditional technique.
(4) mock at the modern craze for gadgets.
8. The italicized phrase the seeing eye in the first sentence implies
(1) seeing with a clear eyesight
(2) application of some special device for the analysics of theings seen
(3) percenption caused by understanding
(4) seeing the particular characteristics of things
9. 'Skill' in this passage means
(1) the ability to do things well by hand
(2) the ability that has been tested by experince which ensures success
(3) any of our powers
(4) the ability to master techniques
10. The most important aspect of technique, as defined in the passage, is the use of skill
(1) for observation and analysis
(2) for handling tools and machines
(3) for an understanding of the functions of tools and machines
(4) for a definite purpose
Q. 11-15 Read the following passage and answer the questions given after it :

When Elizabeth Garrett was 23, she met an American, Elizabeth Blackwell, who after a long struggle, had become the first woman doctor in the world. She suggested that Elizabeth Garrett should do the same in England. To be a doctor was a new idea to Elizabeth, and rather a frightening idea, but it was exciting.

At first her parents were shocked and unhappy that Elizabeth should try to follow so unlady like a profession, but at last they agree to help her. Then she found that no doctor or hospital would accept a woman student. They told her to be a nurse like Florence Nightingale and to give up the ridiculous idea of being a doctor,
which was a man's job. At last the Middlesex Hospital agreed to let her come on trial as a nurse, to see if she could stand hospital life. Hospitals then were very different from what they are now. Great doctors like the Frenchman Pasteur and the Englishman Lister had not yet discovered how to make operations safe from infection, and the terrible sights and smells in the wards might well have been too much for any girl.
11. Becoming a doctor, for a woman, was considered
(1) respectable
(2) a matter of pride
(3) unladylike
(4) exciting
12. Which of these statements is true ?
(1) Elizabeth Garrett was inspired by Elizabeth Blackwell to become a doctor.
(2) Her parents inspired Garrett to become a doctor.
(3) Elizabeth Garrett wanted to become a doctor from her childhood.
(4) Florence Nightingale inspired Garrett to become a doctor.
13. Which of the following words cannot replace the word 'ridiculous' in the text?
(1) foolish
(2) surprising
(3) unreasonable
(4) commendable
14. Middlesex Hospital agreed to let Barrett come as
(1) a doctor of trial
(2) a nurse on trial.
(3) a trainee under Pasteur.
(4) a trainee under Lister.
15. Hospitals then were different from what they are now because
(1) there were no women doctors.
(2) the sights and smells were introlerable because of undafe opreations.
(3) they were not clean.
(4) there were no nurses.

## ENGLISH

## Q. 1-5 Read the following passage and answer

 the questions given after it :Marie Sklodowska Curie (1867-1934) was born in Warsaw, Poland. As a student she participated in the students' revolutionary organization which was fighting against the dirctorial regime in Poland. She was forced to leave Poland for Paris because of her involvement in such activities . In 1903, she shared with her husband Pierre Curie and another scientist Henri Becquerel, the Nobel Prize in Physics for the discovery of radioactivity. Later in 1911, she recieved the Nobel Prize in Chemistry for the discovery and isolation of radium. She was the first person to win two Nobel Prizes. She and her husband discovered Polonium. This element was named in honour of her motherland, poland.

Marie and her daughter Irene Joliot Curie dide of radiation-induced illness./ These two women risked their lives for the sake of advancement of science, which now greatly benefits the society. Irene and her husband Frederick joliotCurie shared the Noble Prize in Chemistry in 1935. The Curise thus created a record by four family members having received Nobel Prizes. Despite her spectacular contribution to science, Marie's nomination to the French Academy of Sciences in 1911 ws rejected by one vote because she was a woman !

1. Marie Curie won the Nobel Prize in Chemistry for
(1) discovery of radioactivity
(2) the laws of radioactivity Decay
(3) discovery and isolation of radium
(4) discovery of radium
2. Frederick joliot-Curie was Marie Curie's
(1) husband
(2) father
(3) son
(4) son-in-law
3. In what way did Marie Curie and her daughter risk their lives for the advancement of science?
(1) They defied the dictators of Poland and France.
(2) They discovered polonium which had great side effects
(3) The exposed themselves to radium and died of disease caused by harmful radiation.
(4) They conducted hazardous researches in Poland
4. Marie Curie's nomination to the French Academy of Sciences was rejected by one vote because -
(1) the majority of members of the Academy had patriarchal views.
(2) She had already won the Nobel Prize.
(3) She was not a French citizen.
(4) the Academy members were envious of her as she won two Nobel Prizes.
5. Which of the following is TRUE ?
(1) Marie Curie won the Noble Prize for the discovery of Polonium in 1935.
(2) Polonium was named after Marie Curie's country of birth.
(3) The discovery of Polonium prevented Marie Curie from being elected to the French Acedemy of Sciences.
(4) Polonium was Henri Becquerel's contribution to science.
Q. 6-10 Read the following passage and answer the questions given after it :
Over all the countryside, wherever one goes, indications of technique are visible to the seeing eye. By technique is meant an exercise of skill acquired by practice and directed to a wellforeseen end. It is the name for the action of any of our powers after they have been so improved by training as to perform that action with certainty and sucess.
6. The definition of 'technique' as given in the passage does not overemphasize.
(1) theoretical knowledge
(2) partice and performance
(3) scientific methods.
(4) results
7. The theory of 'General Will' was dopagated by
(1) Bentham
(2) Rousseau
(3) James Mill
(4) Alan Ball
8. The name of the present Secretary General United Nations is
(1) Ban Ki Moon
(2) U Thant
(3) Hammarskjold
(4) Waldheim
9. The Government of which country is ederal in form ?
(1) Britain
(2) Bangladesh
(3) The United States of America
(4) France
10. Who is the father of Political Science ?
(1) Marx
(2) Gettle
(3) Plato
(4) Asistotle

## Economics

86. The supply of which factor of production is fixed ?
(1) Land
(2) Labour
(3) Capital
(4) Organisation
87. In an open economy GDP (Gross Domestic Product) and GNP (Gross National Product) are
(1) never equal
(2) always equal
(3) equal only in quilibrium
(4) equal when net income from abroad is zero
88. NABARD stands for
(1) National Aeronautics and Ballastic Research Development
(2) National Bank for Africulture and Rural Development
(3) National Bank for Agricultural Research and Development
(4) National Board for Aquatic Research and Development
89. If an increase in the price of petrol leads to a decrease in the demand for cars 'petrol' and 'cars'
(1) substitute
(2) complements
(3) normal goods
(4) inferior goods
90. Devaluation of rupee means
(1) fall in the weight of coins
(2) fall in the domestic purchasing power
(3) fall in the external purchasing power of rupee
(4) fall in the face value of rupee
91. To determine the location (Latitude \& Longitude) of a ship on the sea which of the following instruments and charts are necessary
(1) Compass, sextant or theodolite, nautical almanac (a chart which shows declination)
(2) Sextant of Theodolite, Compass, Chronometer
(3) Sextant or Theodolite, Chronometer, Nautical almanac
(4) Prismatic compass, Sextant, Chronometer.
92. Dolerite, a semi crystalline rock is composed of felsic minerals. These are
(1) Iron and silica
(2) Feldsper and silica
(3) Magniesium and silica
(4) Nickel and silica
93. The magnitude of earthquake of Gujrat, in 2001 was 6.9 Richter, where as the earthquake of Indonesia in 2004 it was 8.9 Richter. If the intensity of energy released by the 1 st one is 10 unit then what will be the intensity of 2 nd one ?
(1) 20 unit
(2) 100 unit
(3) 1,000 unit
(4) 10,000 unit
94. Which of the following factors control weathering?
(1) Structure of rokes
(2) Nature of ground slope
(3) Climatic variations
(4) All of these
95. Highest humidity is found in the atmosphere during the rainy seasion in the
(1) Midnight
(2) Evening
(3) Noon
(4) Morning
96. Which of the following climatic type is said to be charaterised by 'three eighties' $80^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ of temperature, $80 \%$ of humidity and 80 inches of rainfall?
(1) Equatorial climate
(2) Mediterrance climate
(3) Tropical monsoon climate
(4) Temperature climate
97. Cotton textile industries are widely distributed throughout the country, because of
(1) High quality cotton is produced throughtout the country
(2) Cotton is a pure raw material
(3) Cotton is a weight loosing raw material
(4) Transportation cost of raw cotton in relatively low
98. Which of the following is the best example of 'Playas'?
(1) Tarism basin
(2) Mississippin basin
(3) Congo basin
(4) None of these

## POLITICAL SCIENCE

76. How many fundamental rights are there in the Constitution of India ?
(1) 5
(2) 6
(3) 7
(4) 8
77. Lok Sabha is elected for
(1) Three years
(2) Four years
(3) Five years
(4) Seven years
78. The Chief Election Commissioner of India is appointed by
(1) The President of India
(2) The Prime Minister of India
(3) The Chairman of the Rajya Sabha
(4) The Speaker of the Lok Sabha
79. The final interpretor of the Indian Constitution is the
(1) Parliament
(2) President
(3) Supreme Court
(4) Election Commision
80. 'The Prince' was written by
(1) Thomas Hobbes
(2) Niccolo Machiavelli
(3) Aristotle
(4) David Easton
81. Who said that "Law is the Command of Sovereign"?
(1) John Austin
(2) Green
(3) Laski
(4) Hegel
82. Which one of the following is a ture statement?
(1) Sweat and tears contain germ killing substances.
(2) Antibiotics are useful against viral disease.
(3) DPT vaccination is given against diptheria, pertusis and typhoid.
(4) Our body can produce only a limited variety of different antibiotics.
83. When $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ concentration in blood increases, breathing becomes
(1) Shallower and slow
(2) There is no effect on breathing
(3) Slow and deep
(4) Faster and deeper
84. The greenish colour of bile is due to
(1) biliverdin and bilirubin
(2) melanin
(3) heamatochrome
(4) all of these
85. In an ecosystem volvox is a -
(1) Plankton
(2) Necton
(3) Benthos
(4) Phyto plankton
86. Which of the following is a hormone secreted from the salivary gland ?
(1) gastrin
(2) Bradykinin
(3) Somatomedin
(4) Renin

## HISTORY

56. The Mauryan dynasty was overthrown by
(1) Harshavradhana
(2) Samudragupta
(3) Pushyamitra Sunga
(4) Kanishka
57. Who perided over the fourth Buddist Council?
(1) Basumitra
(2) Basudandhu
(3) Kanishka
(4) Nagarjuna
58. Whose pseudonym was P.N. Thakur ?
(1) Rashbehari Bose
(2) Jatindranath Mukhopadhyay
(3) Birendranath Chattopadhyay
(4) Batukeshwar Dutta
59. 'The Atmiya Sabha' was founded by
(1) Raja Rammohan Roy
(2) Devendranath Tagore
(3) Keshab Chandra Sen
(4) Shibnath shastri
60. The famous bronze image of Nataraja is a fine example of
(1) Chola Art
(2) Gandhara Art
(3) Pallava Art
(4) Mauryan Art
61. The Court language of the Mughals was
(1) Arabic
(2) Hindi
(3) Urdu
(4) Presian
62. Who among these was not a 'moderate' ?
(1) Surendranath Banerjee
(2) Ferozeshah Mehta
(3) Lala Lajpat Rai
(4) Gopal Krishna Gokhale
63. Who was the Prime Minister of England at the time of Indian Independence ?
(1) Ramsay MacDonald
(2) Stanley Boldwin
(3) Winston Churchill
(4) Clement Attlee
64. Which day is celebrated as the 'United Nation's Day'?
(1) 25 th April, 1945
(2) 26th June, 1945
(3) 24th October, 1945
(4) 31st December, 1945
65. Who became the first Electrion Commissioner of India ?
(1) T. N. Seshan
(2) Sukumar Sen
(3) Rammonohar Lohia
(4) A. K. Gopalan
66. The result of the perihelion position of the earth is
(1) Earth's temperature increases
(2) The northern hemisphere is tipped maximum towards the sun
(3) Velocity of earth's rotation and revolution increases
(4) Duration of day increases than night in northen hemisphere
67. It a person corsses international date line from east to west what will be the result
(1) He will loose one day
(2) He will gain one day
(3) He will loose 12 hours
(4) He will loose two days
68. 1 litre of $\mathrm{N}_{2}$ and $\frac{7}{8}$ litre of $\mathrm{O}_{2}$ are mixed together under the same conditions of temeprature and pressure. What relation will exist between the masses of the two gases in the mixture ?
(1) $\mathrm{m}_{\mathrm{N}_{2}}=3 \mathrm{~m}_{\mathrm{O}_{2}}$
(2) $\mathrm{m}_{\mathrm{N}_{2}}=8 \mathrm{~m}_{\mathrm{O}_{2}}$
(3) $\mathrm{m}_{\mathrm{N}_{2}}=\mathrm{m}_{\mathrm{O}_{2}}$
(4) $\mathrm{m}_{\mathrm{N}_{2}}=16 \mathrm{~m}_{\mathrm{O}_{2}}$
69. Which set of compounds will be used in correct order for separation of a mixture of methane, ethylene and acetylene ?
Concentrated $\quad \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}, \quad \mathrm{KMnO}_{4}, \quad \mathrm{Br}_{2}$, Concentrated HCl , Ammoniacal $\mathrm{Cu}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}, \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$
(1) Ammoniacal $\mathrm{Cu}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$, concentrated HCl and Concentrated $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$
(2) $\mathrm{Br}_{2}$, concentrated HCl , Ammoniacal $\mathrm{Cu}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$
(3) Ammoniacal $\mathrm{Cu}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$, concentrated $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$, $\mathrm{KMnO}_{4}$
(4) Ammoniacal $\mathrm{Cu}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}, \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$, concentrated HCl
70. The number of gram-molecule of Oxygen is $6.022 \times 10^{24}$ molecules of carbon monoxide is
(1) 5 gm molecule
(2) 10 gm molecule
(3) 1 gm molecule
(4) 0.5 gm molecule
71. When the same quantity of Zn is allowed to react separately with excess of $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$ and NaOH , the volume of $\mathrm{H}_{2}$ gas evolved at same temperature and pressure will be in the ratio
(1) $1: 1$
(2) $1: 2$
(3) $2: 1$
(4) $9: 4$
72. For an ideal gas, the number of moles per litre in terms of pressure, P gas constrant R and temperature T is
(1) $\frac{\mathrm{PT}}{\mathrm{R}}$
(2) PRT
(3) $\frac{\mathrm{R}}{\mathrm{RT}}$
(4) $\frac{R T}{P}$
73. The atomic number of a metal M is 11 . The formula of its oxide will be
(1) MO
(2) $\mathrm{M}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
(3) $\mathrm{M}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}$
(4) $\mathrm{MO}_{3}$
74. Which of the following mixture on mixing with distilled water will make the water hard ?
(1) $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}+\mathrm{NaCl}$
(2) $\mathrm{NaNO}_{3}+\mathrm{NH}_{4} \mathrm{NO}_{3}$
(3) $\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}+\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$
(4) $\mathrm{KCl}+\mathrm{NaCl}$
75. Which of the following pairs of compounds perform both combustion and addition reaction ?
(1) $\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{6}, \mathrm{C}_{3} \mathrm{H}_{8}$
(2) $\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{6} \mathrm{O}, \mathrm{C}_{3} \mathrm{H}_{8} \mathrm{O}$
(3) $\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{2}, \mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{4}$
(4) $\mathrm{C}_{4} \mathrm{H}_{10}, \mathrm{C}_{5} \mathrm{H}_{12}$
76. Which of the following elements is most nonmetallic ?
(1) Na
(2) F
(3) Be
(4) S

## BIOLOGY

44. The primary electron acceptor in cyclic photophosphorylation is
(1) a protein that contains iron and sulphur
(2) Carbon-di-oxide
(3) FAD
(4) NADP ${ }^{+}$
45. The two strands of a double-helix model of DNA are held together by hydrogen bonds between
(1) sugar and phosphate groups
(2) sugars and nitrogenous bases
(3) phosphate group and nitrogenous bases
(4) nitrogenous bases
46. The energy source that derives the upward flow of water in plant is
(1) light
(2) sucrose
(3) solar heat
(4) ATP
47. Nitrogen fixation by bacteria requires the enzyme
(1) decarboxylase
(2) nitrogenase
(3) nitrogen deaminase
(4) nitrodioxidase
48. The maximum number of microvilli occur in
(1) Distal convoluted tuble
(2) Proximal convoluted tubule
(3) Loop of Henle
(4) Collecting tubule
49. Brunner glands occur in
(1) Stomach
(2) Duodenum
(3) Jejunum
(4) Ileum
50. Function of Eustachgian tube is
(1) Air flows through it
(2) Connect mouth cavity with the middle ear
(3) Maintair, equilibrium of air pressure on either side of the tympanum
(4) No definite function
51. In $\triangle \mathrm{ABC}$, if $\angle \mathrm{B}=60^{\circ}, \angle \mathrm{C}=30^{\circ}$, AD is perpendicular drawn from A on BC , then the
value of $\frac{\sin ^{2} \angle \mathrm{BAD}-\cos ^{2} \angle \mathrm{BAD}}{\cos ^{2} \angle \mathrm{CAD}-\sin ^{2} \angle \mathrm{CAD}}$
(1) 1
(2) $\frac{1}{3}$
(3) $\frac{3}{4}$
(4) $1 \frac{1}{3}$
52. The maximum value of $\cos ^{6} \theta+\sin ^{6} \theta$ is
(1) 1
(2) 0
(3) 4
(4) 2

## PHYSICS

21. In the equation of motion: $s=a t+b t^{2}$, the unit of $a$ and $b$ respectively
(1) $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}, \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$
(2) $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$
(3) $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}, \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{3}$
(4) $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s}^{3}$
22. A body of mass $m$ collides against a wall with velocity v and rebounds with the same speed. The change of momentum of the body is given by
(1) Zero
(2) mv
(3) 2 mv
(4) $-m v$
23. Electromotive force denotes
(1) Energy
(2) Energy per unit charge
(3) Current
(4) Force
24. Fuel used in atomic reactor is
(1) $\mathrm{H}^{1}$
(2) $D^{2}$
(3) $\mathrm{D}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
(4) $U^{235}$
25. Angular momentum is a
(1) Scalar quantity
(2) Polar vector quantity
(3) Axial vector quantity
(4) None of these
26. The working principle of jet engine depends on the principle of
(1) Conservation of mass
(2) Conservation of energy
(3) Conservation of linear momentum
(4) Conservation of angular momentum
27. Which of the following pair have same unit?
(1) Heat and Specific Heat
(2) Therman capacity and water Equivalent
(3) Specific Heat and Thermal Capacity
(4) Heat and Work
28. When light wave is refracted from one medium to another medium, which of the following quantity will not change in respect of the wave ?
(1) Wavelength
(2) Amplitude
(3) Frequency
(4) Velocity
29. Three resistances $r_{1}, r_{2}, r_{3}$ are in parallel combination and $r_{1}>r_{2}>r_{3}$. Then which relaction is correct for the equivalent resistance R ?
(1) $R>r_{1}$
(2) $R>r_{2}$
(3) $\mathrm{R}>\mathrm{r}_{3}$
(4) $R>r_{4}$
30. The half life and disintegration constant of two radioactive elements are $\mathrm{T}_{1}, \mathrm{~T}_{2}$ and $\wedge_{1}, \wedge_{2}$ respectively. If $\mathrm{T}_{1}<\mathrm{T}_{2}$, then the correct relation is
(1) $\wedge_{1}>\wedge_{2}$
(2) $\wedge_{1}<\wedge_{2}$
(3) $\wedge_{1}=\wedge_{2}$
(4) $\wedge_{1}=2 \wedge_{2}$
31. The frequency of two sound sources are 80 Hz nad 960 Hz respecitvely. It $\mathrm{T}_{1}$ and $\mathrm{T}_{2}$ are the time periods, the correct relation is
(1) $\mathrm{T}_{1}=\mathrm{T}_{2}$
(2) $T_{1}=2 T_{2}$
(3) $2 \mathrm{~T}_{1}=\mathrm{T}_{2}$
(4) $3 \mathrm{~T}_{1}=\mathrm{T}_{2}$
32. The resistance of an ideal ammeter should be
(1) Zero
(2) Very low
(3) Very high
(4) Infinite

## CHEMISTRY

33. Which one of the following is true about the two staments ?
Statement-I : All the isotpoes of a given elements show the same type chemical behaviour.
Statement-II : Chemical porperties of an element is controlled by teh number of electrons in the atoms of it.
(1) Both I \& II are correct
(2) Both I \& II are false
(3) I is correct but II is false
(4) II is correct but I is false
34. Which two metals turns passive in contact with concentrated $\mathrm{HNO}_{3}$ out of the following ?
$\mathrm{Zn}, \mathrm{Fe}, \mathrm{Mg}, \mathrm{Cu}, \mathrm{Al}, \mathrm{Sn}, \mathrm{Hg}, \mathrm{Ag}$
(1) $\mathrm{Zn}, \mathrm{Mg}$
(2) $\mathrm{Fe}, \mathrm{Al}$
(3) $\mathrm{Cu}, \mathrm{Sn}$
(4) $\mathrm{Hg}, \mathrm{Ag}$

## MATHEMATICS

1. The value of

$$
1000\left(\frac{1}{1 \times 2}+\frac{1}{2 \times 3}+\frac{1}{3 \times 4}+\ldots . .+\frac{1}{999 \times 1000}\right) \text { is }
$$

(1) 1000
(2) 999
(3) 0
(4) 1001
2. If $(x+a)^{2}+(y+b)^{2}=4(a x+b y)$, where $x$, $a, y, b$ are real, the value of $x y-a b$ is
(1) $a$
(2) 0
(3) b
(4) None of these
3. Number of real roots of the equation $\left(x^{2}+1\right)-x^{2}=0$ is
(1) 4
(2) 2
(3) 1
(4) 0
4. If $r>0$ and $\sqrt{r}+\frac{1}{\sqrt{r}}=2$, the vlaue of $r^{2}+\frac{1}{\mathrm{r}^{2}}$ is
(1) 2
(2) 4
(3) 8
(4) 16
5. The number of solution of the equation $\sqrt{6-4 x-x^{2}}=x+4$ is
(1) 0
(2) 1
(3) 2
(4) 4
6. A common factor of $\left(41^{43}+43^{43}\right)$ and $\left(41^{41}+43^{41}\right)$ is
(1) $43-41$
(2) $41^{41}+43^{41}$
(3) $41^{43}+43^{43}$
(4) $41+43$
7. If $p x+q y=2, q x-p y=3$ and $x^{2}+y^{2}=1$, the value of $p^{2}+q^{2}$ is
(1) 11
(2) 12
(3) 13
(4) 15
8. If ' $m$ ' men can complete a work in ' $d$ ' days, $(m+r)$ men will complete the work in
(1) $(d+r)$ days
(2) $\frac{d}{m}(m+r)$ days
(3) $\frac{d}{m+r}$ days
(4) $\frac{m d}{m+r}$ days
9. In a calss of 35 students, position of Ram is 7th from the botton; whereas position of Rahim is 9th from the top. If position of Tania is exactly the middle of Rahin and Ram, the position of Ram from Tania is
(1) 11th
(2) 13th
(3) 10th
(4) 9th
10. If 4 lemons are sold at the cost price of 5 lemons, the percentage of profit is
(1) $15 \%$
(2) $20 \%$
(3) $25 \%$
(4) $22 \frac{1}{2} \%$
11. If the height of a right circular 'come' is increased by $20 \%$, its volume will be increased by
(1) $10 \%$
(2) $20 \%$
(3) $25 \%$
(4) $30 \%$
12. If the radii and the heights of a hemisphere, circular cylinder and a cone be all equal, the ratio their volumes is
(1) $2: 3: 1$
(2) $2: 1: 3$
(3) $1: 2: 3$
(4) $3: 2: 1$
13. In the number of angular points, edges and acces of a tetrahedron be $x, y$ and $z$ respectively, the value of $x-y+z$
(1) 2
(2) 3
(3) 4
(4) 5
14. In $\triangle \mathrm{ABC}, \mathrm{BD}$ and CE are perpendicular to AC and $A B$ respectively. If $B D=C E$, then $\triangle A B C$
(1) Equilateral
(2) Isosceles
(3) Right-angled
(4) Scalene
15. Let $C_{1}$ and $C_{2}$ be the inscribed and rcumsicribed circle of a triangle with sides 3 $\mathrm{cm}, 4 \mathrm{~cm}$ and 5 cm . Then $\frac{\text { area } \mathrm{ofC}_{1}}{\text { area } \mathrm{ofC}_{2}}$ is equalto
(1) $\frac{16}{25}$
(2) $\frac{4}{25}$
(3) $\frac{9}{25}$
(4) $\frac{9}{16}$
16. If the greatest and least values of $(p+q \sin q)$ are 9 and 7 respectively, the values $p$ and $q$ are respectively.
(1) 8,1
(2) 5,4$]$
(3) 6,3
(4) 7,2
17. If the angles of a triangle are in the ratio $1: 2: 1$, the ratio of their corresponding sides is
(1) $1: 2: 2$
(2) $1: 2: \sqrt{2}$
(3) $1: \sqrt{2}: 1$
(4) $\sqrt{2}: 1: \sqrt{2}$
18. If $\tan \theta+4 \operatorname{Cot} \theta=4$, the value of $\tan ^{3} \theta+\operatorname{Cot}^{3} \theta$ is
(1) $8 \frac{1}{8}$
(2) 16
(3) $7 \frac{9}{8}$
(4) $27 \frac{1}{27}$

